Crags	ide Church of England Prim	ary School Curriculum Overvi	ew 2025/2026 Shine	, S	Bright in Geography	
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EYFS	Can we observe seasonal change? How is this culture different from ours?  Developing an awareness of seasonal changes and weather through weekly forest school sessions and outdoor continuous provisions.	Can we understand that there are different photos? Has anyone visited other countries?  Is the Chinese climate different to ours? Discuss different family celebrations and cultural festivals linked to China during Lunar New Year.  Tasting food and listening to music to become more aware of understanding the world and learning to be curious to find out more.	Developing vocabulary to discuss different 'worlds' and environments (ice, hot) and sharing stories and non-fictions texts.		Our family and friends and where we live. Looking at Cramlington.  Able to describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observations. revisiting vocabulary from nursery and progressing on with more human features such as village, farm, beach.	Beginning to recognise symbols on a map in texts such as -What the ladybird heard.
Year 1		Is the weather the same around the world?  Name and Locate 7 continents on a world map. Equator introduction Climate around the world Seasonal and daily weather patterns locally.  Outside observations and fieldwork.	What is Chinese Culture?  China on a world map Physical and human features. Physical model of Great wall of China Practical play - Compare Cultures with the UK -make deliberate choices. DT-Cooking and tasting Chinese food.		What does our local area look like?  Vocabulary for physical and human features. Fieldwork and observations. Practical map using objects for scale.  VISIT- Local area walk and survey	
Year 2		Magical mapping - Can you use an atlas? Equator North & South Pole Uk map and capital cities Observation and Fieldwork Skills Draw a simple sketch map with scale.		Can we make a Global connection with Africa? (Advocates of Change GG4,GG1)  Relationship with the equator Use world maps, globes and atlases.		What can we learn from our oceans?  Name and locate 5 oceans.  Use world maps and globes.

	Landmarks (human features) Use an atlas to find the UK, China and Africa. What is the view from above? 4 point compass. Physical mapping Outside observations and fieldwork.		Compare school life to rural Rwanda.  Practical play - African objects and artefacts.  Visitor - from Rwanda to come into classroom with artefacts		Practical model of a mini beach, rocks, sealife, plant life. Plastic in our oceans & overfishing (Advocates of change(GG14) Identify human and physical features
	Name all four layers of the Earth in the correct order, stating one fact about each layer.  Describe a tectonic plate and know that mountains occur along plate boundaries.  Correctly label the features	Describe what lines of latitude and longitude are.  Understand Antarctica has a polar climate made up of ice sheets, snow and mountains.  List some of the research carried out in Antarctica.  Describe a similarity and difference between life in the		Outside observations and fieldwork at Valley Park river  Identify water stores and processes in the water cycle.  Describe the three courses of a river and name the physical features.	
	of shield and composite volcanoes and explain how they form.  Explain that earthquakes happen along plate boundaries.  Observe, digitally record and map different rocks using a symbol on a map.  Identify rock types and their origins based on collected data.	UK and life in Antarctica.  Fieldwork with maps and compasses		Name and describe the physical and human features of a river.  Name some major rivers and their location.  Make a judgement on the environmental quality in a river and how it can be improved.	

Year 4	Are all settlements the same? Locate some cities in the UK. Describe the difference between villages, towns and cities. Identify features on an OS map. Describe different types of land use. Follow a route on an OS map. Discuss reasons for the location of human and physical features. Locate some geographical regions in the UK. Identify and begin to offer explanations about changes to features in Cramlington Describe the location of New Delhi. Identify some human and physical features in New Delhi. State some similarities and differences between land use and features in New	What would make a great American road trip?  Map skills to locate the main cities in North America. Identify the continent of USA. Identify the most significant landmarks and diversity of landscapes Name the 50 states and their characteristics.		Where does our food come from? Identify that different foods grow in different biomes and say why. Explain which food has the most significant negative impact on the environment. Consider a change people can make to reduce the negative impact of food production. Describe the intentions around trading responsibly. Explain that food imports can be both helpful and harmful. Describe the journey of a cocoa bean. Locate countries on a blank world map using an atlas. Use a scale bar correctly to measure approximate distances. Collect data through an interview process.
	State some similarities and			distances.
Year 5	Exploring Scandinavia     To be able to locate Scandinavia's countries and major cities on a world map.	Where does our energy come from?  Describe the significance of energy. Give examples of sources of energy and their trading routes.	Can I carry out an independent fieldwork enquiry?  Identify questions to be asked to find the relevant data.	

		<ul> <li>To explore the climate and weather of Scandinavia.</li> <li>To explore the physical and human features of Scandinavia</li> <li>To be able to compare and contrast an area in the UK with an area in Scandinavia.</li> <li>To be able to plan a tourist visit to a Scandinavian destination</li> </ul>		Discuss the benefits and drawbacks of different energy sources. Describe the significance of the Prime Meridian. Use six-figure grid references to identify features on an OS map. Consider and justify the location of energy sources. Fieldwork with OS maps and compasses Link to local Energy company	Design an accurate data collection template. Identify areas along a route that are best for data collection. Discuss how to mediate potential risks. Collect data at points located on an OS map. Manage risks during a fieldwork trip. Identify any outcomes from data collected. Map data digitally. Describe the enquiry process.	
Year 6	Why does population change? KAPOW  Investigating why certain parts of the world are more populated than others; exploring birth and death rates; discussing social, economic and environmental push and pull factors; learning about the population in Britain and its impacts.		Would you like to live in the desert? KAPOW  Exploring hot desert biomes and learning about the physical features of a desert and how humans interact with this environment.		Why do oceans matter? OCEAN KAPOW (Advocates of change GG13, GG7)  Investigation and enquiry -Changing world: erosion, natural disasters and climate change. Sustainable living Project – How can we help locally and globally? Children take ownership and become advocates for change.	

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